

LMU

LUDWIG-
MAXIMILIANS-
UNIVERSITÄT
MÜNCHEN

MUNICH INTERNATIONAL
SUMMER UNIVERSITY

MISU^{LMU}

European Studies

Munich and Vienna

'Next Europe: discussing the EU's future in
light of its history'

Module 2: The EU in International Affairs

August 5 – 28, 2019
www.eu-china-misu.de



Munich

Arrival: 3 August

Sessions in Munich: 5 – 28 August

Sessions in Vienna: 11 - 14 August

Departure: 29 August

Sessions in Munich will take place at:
Edmund-Rumpler-Straße 12



Lecturer

Michael Bauer

CAP Munich

Michael Bauer is co-founder and vice-chairman of Middle East and International Affairs Research Group (MEIA Research), an independent research and consultancy network. He is a specialist on European politics and Europe's role in international affairs and works on security and development cooperation in the Middle East and North Africa. For German and international organisations he implemented various consultancy and capacity-building programs on European and Middle Eastern affairs.

Previously he has coordinated the International European Studies Programs of Munich Ludwig Maximilian University (2008-2016) and led the Middle East Programme of the Center for Applied Policy Research (CAP) and. For a humanitarian relief organization he implemented programs on education, medical support and direct aid in Lebanon, Syria, Jordan and Iraq (2016-2017).

Michael Bauer was a non-resident lecturer at various German and international universities, such as the Interdisciplinary Center for European Studies at Chulalongkorn University Bangkok (2011-2015). In 2012 he was a visiting scholar at the Center for International Relations of the Fundação Getulio Vargas in Brazil.

Michael Bauer studied in Munich and Aberystwyth (UK) and holds an M.A. degree from LMU in political science and a postgraduate degree in educational science from the Munich School of Philosophy.

Module 2: The EU in International Affairs

This module analyses the EU's role as an actor in global political, security and economic affairs. A particular focus will be on development policy, European security and defence policy, the European Neighbourhood Policy, the transatlantic relationship as well as EU's policy towards Asia.

Vienna

Arrival: 11 August
Sessions: 12 – 13 August
Departure: 14 August
Session will take place at:
Sechshauser Strasse 33A, 1150 Vienna



Lecturer

Sebastian Schäffer

Researcher, Institute for the Danube region and Central Europe

Sebastian Schäffer is the founder of SSC Europe, a competence network for Seminars, Simulations, and Consulting, and researcher at the Institute for the Danube region and Central Europe (IDM) in Vienna. He is member of the Academic Council of the Munich European Forum e.V. and Associate Researcher at the Center for Applied Policy Research (C•A•P) at Ludwig-Maximilians University of Munich (LMU).

Prior to that, Mr. Schäffer held positions as lecturer and research fellow at the Institute for Political Science, Georg-August-University Göttingen and at the Institute for Political Science and Communication Studies, Ernst-Moritz-Arndt-University Greifswald. In addition, Mr. Schäffer worked as a research fellow in the research group on European Affairs at the C•A•P and as a lecturer at LMU's Geschwister-Scholl-Institute for Political Science.

Mr. Schäffer holds an Honor's Master's degree in East European studies (major: legal studies, minor: history) from the University of Regensburg and an M.A. degree from LMU, where he studied political science, European law, and Slavonic studies.

General course content

The sessions Prague are devoted to Austria as a member state of the European Union, the EU's strategy in the Danube region and the EU's energy security policy.

Time	9.30 a.m. – 11.00 a.m.	11.30 a.m. – 1 p.m.	afternoon
Mon, 5	<p>Introductory lecture by Prof. Dr. Klaus H. Goetz</p> <p>Room: BU101 , Oettingenstraße 67</p>	<p>Program Introduction by lecturer</p> <p>Room 151, Oettingenstraße 67</p>	<p>MISU Welcome Summer Event</p>
Tue, 6	<p>From EC to EU</p> <p>This session will give an overview over the political development of the integration process from the 1990s until today. A closer look will be taken at the emergence of a European political identity.</p>	<p>The institutions of the EU and legislation</p> <p>Although the Lisbon Treaty introduced the so called ‘ordinary legislative procedure’, decision-making procedures vary across policy areas. This session deals with the different decision-making procedures in the EU and the role of EU institutions therein.</p>	
Wed, 7	<p>The Single Market</p> <p>This session will discuss one of the major economic projects in the EU: the creation of the single market. The economic and political reasons behind this project will be explained and discussed how the single market affects economic performance.</p>	<p>The European Economic and Monetary Union</p> <p>This session will discuss one of the major economic projects of the European integration: the creation of the common currency. The economic and political reasons behind this project will be explained and discussed. A particular focus will be on the EU’s sovereign debt crisis.</p>	
Thu, 8	<p>Germany and the EU</p> <p>What is Germany’s role in the European Union? Building on previous sessions, German EU policy in the past and present will be discussed. Particular emphasis will be on Germany’s role as economic powerhouse of the EU and German public opinion about Europe.</p>	<p>External trade and development policies</p> <p>The EU is the biggest donor of development aid worldwide and a heavy weight in international trade. This session will discuss the functioning of European development cooperation and external trade policy and their impact on different regions of the world. A closer look will be taken on the EU’s within the UN development complex.</p>	
Fri, 9	<p>The EU’s Common Foreign and Security Policy</p> <p>This session will look at the emergence of a European foreign policy from the 1970s onward and discuss the main determinants of the EU’s international role. We will pay particular attention to the Security and Defence policy as well as the EU’s Security Strategy.</p>	<p>Case study: The European migration and asylum policy</p> <p>As one of the biggest issues at the moment, the EU is struggling to develop a common policy on migration. This session explores the main obstacles and chances of a European approach to asylum policies.</p>	
Sat, 10			
Sun, 11	Departure to Vienna		

Time	9.30 a.m. – 11.00 a.m.	11.30 a.m. – 1 p.m.	afternoon
Mon, 12	Visit to the UN	European Neighbourhood Policy and EU-Russia relations European Neighbourhood Policy and especially its Eastern dimension - the Eastern Partnership - are a cornerstone of the EU's foreign policy. We will analyse the concepts and tools especially towards the countries Moldova and Ukraine and put the findings into the wider perspective of EU-Russia relations.	
Tue, 13	Simulation on the Eastern Partnership – future scenarios for the EU's neighbours	Simulation on the Eastern Partnership – future scenarios for the EU's neighbours	
Wed, 14	Departure to Munich		
Thu, 15	Regional challenges (I): The Arab Spring The Arab uprisings represent a watershed event in the Middle East. Across the region public uprisings ousted long-standing political regimes. This session will look at the root causes and consequences of what has been termed the "Arab Spring".	Regional challenges (II): Europe and the Middle East The Middle East is one of the most crucial regions for global stability. The EU is located close to this region and has developed specific relationships. Based on the discussions of the previous session on the Arab Spring, we will assess whether the EU can play a decisive role in the Middle East.	
Fri, 16	France and the EU: Balancing national sovereignty and European integration In this session the focus will be on the French role in European integration. It will be discussed what France gained from supporting European integration and what the French interests are. A particular focus will be on how French President Macron seeks to revive the European integration process.	The United Kingdom and the EU – Brexit and beyond... Britain has always had a special relationship with the EU. This session will assess the British role in the EU and analyse the reasons for the Brexit-vote. The session will also discuss the current state of the EU-UK Brexit negotiations.	
Sat, 17			
Sun, 18	Trip to Neuschwanstein Castle		

Time	9.30 a.m. – 11.00 a.m.	11.30 a.m. – 1 p.m.	afternoon
Mon, 19	<p>Transatlantic relations</p> <p>The United States supported European Integration from the very beginning whereas especially France was interested in limiting the American footprint on European politics. Though united in a strategic community, the US and EU Member States often are in disagreement over crisis management and trade matters. We will discuss the transatlantic relationship in this session.</p>	<p>The EU's Counterterrorism Policy</p> <p>Since the 9/11 terrorist attacks and the Madrid bombings in March 2004, combating terrorism has become a European topic. The attacks of Paris on Nov. 13, 2015 reinforced the joint threat perception. During this session, the development of a common European approach as well as problems and difficulties will be analysed.</p>	
Tue, 20	<p>China and Europe – the way ahead</p> <p>This session deals with perceptions and misperceptions between China and Europe – politically and culturally. The impressions of the participants are especially important.</p>	<p>External trade and development policies</p> <p>The EU is the biggest donor of development aid worldwide and a heavy weight in international trade. This session will discuss the functioning of European development cooperation and external trade policy and their impact on different regions of the world.</p>	
Wed, 21	<p>The EU's Climate Policy</p> <p>In its fight against climate change the EU is committed to reducing its overall greenhouse gas emissions to at least 20% below 1990 levels by 2020. In this session we will analyse how the EU tries to reconcile its energy security with its ambitious climate policy. This session will also place the EU's climate policy within the context of the international climate change regime.</p>	<p>A Europe of the Regions</p> <p>In some of Europe's member states political autonomy and cultural identity are traditionally linked to the region. On EU level this is taken into account with the concept of "A Europe of the Regions" as well as the principle of subsidiarity. This session will discuss what role the regions actually play in European politics.</p>	
Thu, 22	<p>Public Opinion and the Rise of Populist Movements</p> <p>Populist movements have risen all across the EU, mostly to the disadvantage of pro-European parties. How does the EU face those shifts in public opinion? Are Euroscepticism and nationalism a real threat to the EU?</p>	<p>The future of European Integration: Managing crisis and muddling through?</p> <p>Europe faces many political, economic, and societal challenges. In this session we will speak about what Europe is affected by and which solutions could be the right ones – institutionally but also with regard to certain policies.</p>	
Fri, 23	Day off		
Sat, 24			
Sun, 25			

Time	9.30 a.m. – 11.00 a.m.	11.30 a.m. – 1 p.m.	afternoon
Mon, 26	Presentations of students' essays Part 1		
Tue, 27	Trip to the European Academy of Sciences and Arts, Salzburg		
Wed, 28	Presentations of students' essays Part 2	Wrap-up Session Europe faces many political, economic, and societal challenges. In this session we will speak about what Europe is affected by and which solutions could be the right ones – institutionally but also with regard to certain policies.	
Thu, 29	Departure from Munich		